Alhouei, Behzad

A Description of Talegani Soohani Dialect

Supervised by: Dr. A. Mirhassani

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Tarbiat Modarres University, 1996, 105 p. Bib., Glossary.

Abstract:

In this study, it is intended to investigate Soohani dialect, one of the Persian variants spoken between karaj and Ghazvin mountain area called Talegan which consists of about 80 villages. The area of Talegan is divided into three parts; upper, mid, and lower-Talegan. The subject of this study is the dialect of a village situated at the foot of Alborz mountains on the west part of Talegan. Its estimated population is about 800, who earn their living by working on farms and dealing in sheep and cattle. In their life as well as their education, they have a lot of affinities with Karaj and Tehran. The distinguishing features of this dialect are as follows: (a) Reverse order of occurrence of compound nouns (as mozaf eleyh and mozaf) compared to Standard Persian; (b) This dialect is mostly postpositional rather than prepositional; (c) It lacks gender distinction in the grammatical relationships; (d) It also lacks written form and texts; (e) This dialect shares 22 consonants without any /ž/ phoneme, and 6 vowels and the diphthong /ow/ which is not found in Standard Persian. Since dialects change, by studying these changes, we may come across a lot of interesting points. The present study will consist of six main chapters: Introduction, phonological description, morphology, verb system and sentences and also conclusion.

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